# 22225

## 11819 3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.								
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*Instructions* : (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.

- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

#### Marks

10

12

#### 1. Attempt any FIVE of the following :

- (a) Draw the symbol of inductor and capacitor. State the unit of inductor and capacitor.
- (b) State the need of filters. Define filter.
- (c) Define  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  of transistor.
- (d) Define amplification factor and trans-conductance of JFET.
- (e) State the two advantages and disadvantages of integrated circuits.
- (f) Define transducer and name two passive transducers.
- (g) State seebeck and Peltier effect.

#### 2. Attempt any THREE :

- (a) Determine the value of capacitance with the following colour code.
  - (i) Orange, Orange, Blue
  - (ii) Yellow, Violet, Yellow
- (b) Draw the neat sketch of center tap full wave rectifier. Draw i/p and o/p waveforms.
- (c) Draw and explain zener diode as a voltage regulator.
- (d) Describe the working principle of npn transistor with the help of diagram.

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#### **3.** Attempt any THREE :

- (a) Sketch the construction of n-channel JFET and explain its working principle.
- (b) Differentiate active and passive transducer on the basis of any four points.
- (c) State the different types of resistors. State any four specifications of resistors.
- (d) Explain the working of two stage RC coupled amplifier with neat circuit diagram.

#### 4. Attempt any THREE :

- (a) Explain any four selection criteria of transducers for temperature measurement.
- (b) Differentiate between P-N junction diode and zener diode.
- (c) Draw DC load line of transistor. Explain working of transistor as a switch.
- (d) Draw the Drain characteristics of JFET showing different operating regions. If drain current is 5 mA,  $I_{DSS} = 10$  mA & Vas <sub>(off)</sub> = -6V. Find the value of V<sub>as</sub>.
- (e) Draw the block diagram of regulated power supply and explain the working of each block.

#### 5. Attempt any TWO :

- (a) Solve the following :
  - (i) In the waveform shown in fig. (1). State it's amplitude, frequency, phase and wavelength.



(ii) Define : amplitude and frequency

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(b) (i) In Circuit shown in fig. (2), a silicon transistor with  $\beta = 50$  is used. Take  $V_{BE} = 0.7$  V. Find Q point value.



- (ii) Define operating point of the transistor.
- (c) In full wave bridge rectifier  $V_m = 10V$ ,  $RL = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$

find out V<sub>DC</sub>, I<sub>DC</sub>, ripple factor and PIV.

#### 6. Attempt any TWO :

- (a) Explain working principle of N-Channel depletion type MOSFET with construction diagram. Compare depletion type MOSFET & enhancement type MOSFET.
- (b) Differentiate CE, CB, CC w.r.t. to
  - (i) Input resistance
  - (ii) Output resistance
  - (iii) Current gain
  - (iv) Voltage gain
  - (v) Phase shift between input and output
  - (vi) Applications
- (c) List four types of electrical pressure transducers and describe one application of each one.

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